

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1 GHS Product identifier:

171009 - AC White Topcoat 1009 G

Other means of identification:

Not applicable (N/A)

1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:

Relevant uses: Coatings for wood. For industrial user only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:

Valresa Coatings, S.A. Pol. Ind. Reva S-13 Avda. dels Gremis s/n 46190 Riba-roja de Turia - Valencia - Spain Phone: +34 961669560 - Fax: +34 961668665 safety@valresa.com www.valresa.com

1.4 Emergency phone number: +1 772 284 5590 (Only available during office hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

29 CFR 1910.1200:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.

Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity, Category 2, H351 Eye Irrit. 2A: Eye irritation, Category 2A, H319

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225

Skin Sens. 1A: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1A, H317

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2 (Oral), H373

STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

2.2 Label elements:

29 CFR 1910.1200:

Danger



Hazard statements:

Suspected of causing cancer. Causes serious eye irritation. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral). May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing/respiratory protection/protective footwear.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to put it out.

Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.

Substances that contribute to the classification

N-butyl acetate; Ethyl acetate; Xylene; 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Additional labeling:





SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION (continued)

This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, which is [are] known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):

Not applicable (N/A)

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixtures:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of additives, pigments, plasticizers and resins in solvents

Components:

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

	Identification	Chemical name	Concentration
CAS:	123-86-4	N-butyl acetate	10 - <25 %
CAS:	141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	5 - <10 %
CAS:	1330-20-7	Xylene	2,5 - <5 %
CAS:	108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2,5 - <5 %
CAS:	Non-applicable	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	1 - <2,5 %
CAS:	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	0,25 - <1 %
CAS:	77745-66-5	Triisotridecyl phosphite	0,25 - <1 %
AS:	85711-46-2	Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	<0,25 %
CAS:	108-31-6	maleic anhydride	<0,25 %

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures: 4.1

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

May cause an allergic skin reaction. In case of contact it is recommended to clean the affected area thoroughly with water and neutral soap. In case of changes on the skin (stinging, redness, rashes, blisters,...), seek medical advice with this Safety Data Sheet

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.



SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES (continued)

By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Not applicable (N/A)

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

Additional provisions:

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

For accidental releases in excess of reportables quantities (RQ) (Table 302.4), refer to 40 CFR 302 for detailed instructions concerning reporting requirements and notify the National Response Center (800) 424-8802. Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:



SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Because the product is a flammable liquid, storage should meet the requirement of 29 CFR 1910.106, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 41 °F

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits	Occupational exposure limits		
Ethylbenzene	8-hour TWA PEL 100 ppm 435 m	ıg/m³		
CAS: 100-41-4	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	8-hour TWA PEL 50 ppm 290 m	ıg/m³		
CAS: 108-83-8	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
Xylene	8-hour TWA PEL 100 ppm 435 m	ıg∕m³		
CAS: 1330-20-7	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
maleic anhydride	8-hour TWA PEL 0.25 ppm 1 mg/	m³		
CAS: 108-31-6	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
Ethyl acetate		mg/m³		
CAS: 141-78-6	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
Dioctyltin dilaurate	8-hour TWA PEL 0.1 m	g/m³		
CAS: 3648-18-8	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	8-hour TWA PEL 100 ppm 300 m	ıg∕m³		
CAS: 78-83-1	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≥ 10 µm)	8-hour TWA PEL 15 mg	J/m³		
CAS: 13463-67-7	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
Phosphoric acid	8-hour TWA PEL 1 mg/	m³		
CAS: 7664-38-2	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	8-hour TWA PEL 100 ppm 435 m	ig/m ³		



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits
CAS: Non-applicable	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL
Toluene	8-hour TWA PEL 200 ppm 300 mg/m ³
CAS: 108-88-3	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL
N-butyl acetate	8-hour TWA PEL 150 ppm 710 mg/m ³
CAS: 123-86-4	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2022):

Identification	Oc	Occupational exposure limits		
Ethylbenzene	TLV-TWA	20 ppm		
CAS: 100-41-4	TLV-STEL			
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	TLV-TWA	25 ppm		
CAS: 108-83-8	TLV-STEL			
Xylene	TLV-TWA	100 ppm		
CAS: 1330-20-7	TLV-STEL	150 ppm		
maleic anhydride	TLV-TWA	0.1 ppm		
CAS: 108-31-6	TLV-STEL			
Ethyl acetate	TLV-TWA	150 ppm		
CAS: 141-78-6	TLV-STEL			
Dioctyltin dilaurate	TLV-TWA		0.1 mg/m ³	
CAS: 3648-18-8	TLV-STEL		0.2 mg/m ³	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	TLV-TWA	50 ppm		
CAS: 78-83-1	TLV-STEL			
2-methoxypropyl acetate	TLV-TWA	20 ppm		
CAS: 70657-70-4	TLV-STEL	40 ppm		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	TLV-TWA	50 ppm		
CAS: 108-65-6	TLV-STEL	75 ppm		
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≥ 10 µm)	TLV-TWA		2.5 mg/m ³	
CAS: 13463-67-7	TLV-STEL			
Phosphoric acid	TLV-TWA		1 mg/m ³	
CAS: 7664-38-2	TLV-STEL		3 mg/m ³	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	TLV-TWA	100 ppm		
CAS: Non-applicable	TLV-STEL	150 ppm		
Toluene	TLV-TWA	20 ppm		
CAS: 108-88-3	TLV-STEL			
N-butyl acetate	TLV-TWA	20 ppm		
CAS: 123-86-4	TLV-STEL			

CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification	Occup	Occupational exposure limits		
Ethylbenzene	PEL	5 ppm	22 mg/m ³	
CAS: 100-41-4	STEL	30 ppm	130 mg/m ³	
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	PEL	25 ppm	150 mg/m ³	
CAS: 108-83-8	STEL			
Xylene	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m ³	
CAS: 1330-20-7	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m ³	
maleic anhydride	PEL	0.1 ppm	0.4 mg/m ³	
CAS: 108-31-6	STEL			
Ethyl acetate	PEL	400 ppm	1400 mg/m ³	
CAS: 141-78-6	STEL			
Dioctyltin dilaurate	PEL		0.1 mg/m ³	
CAS: 3648-18-8	STEL			
2-methylpropan-1-ol	PEL	50 ppm	150 mg/m ³	
CAS: 78-83-1	STEL			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	PEL	100 ppm	541 mg/m ³	
CAS: 108-65-6	STEL	811 ppm		
Phosphoric acid	PEL		1 mg/m ³	
CAS: 7664-38-2	STEL		3 mg/m ³	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m ³	
CAS: Non-applicable	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m ³	



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
Toluene	PEL	10 ppm	37 mg/m ³
CAS: 108-88-3	STEL	150 ppm	560 mg/m ³
N-butyl acetate	PEL	150 ppm	710 mg/m ³
CAS: 123-86-4	STEL	200 ppm	950 mg/m ³

Biological limit values:

Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) - ACGIH

Identification	BEIs®	Determinant	Sampling Time
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	150 mg/g (NULL)	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid in urine	End of shift
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	1500 mg/g (NULL)	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Non-applicable	1500 mg/g (NULL)	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	0.02 mg/L	Toluene in blood	Prior to last shift of workweek

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles	Replace when an increase in resistence to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected. Use respirator in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.134 (29CFR).

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory hand	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.138 (29CFR)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogra	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)

E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer 's instructions.



Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONT	ROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTIO	(continued)		
Pictogram	Pictogram PPE Remarks			
Mandatory foot protection	potwear for protection against chemical n antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at	any sign of deterioration.	
F Additional emergency me	easures			
Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards	
Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	
Environmental exposure	controls:		·	
In accordance with the comr	nunity legislation for the protection and its container. For additional info			
V.O.C.(weight-percent):	34.29 % weight			
V.O.C. at 77 °F:	422.66 kg/m ³ (422.66	g/L)		
California Air Resources I	Board (CARB) - VOC Regulatory			
V.O.C.(weight-percent):	34.29 % weight			
V.O.C. at 77 °F:	422.66 kg/m ³ (422.66	g/L)		
South Coast Air Quality M	lanagement District (AQMD) - \	OC Regulatory:		
V.O.C.(weight-percent):	V.O.C. (weight-percent): 34.29 % weight V.O.C. at 77 °F: 422.66 kg/m³ (422.66 g/L) Ozone Transport Commission (OTC) Rules - VOC Regulatory:			
V.O.C. at 77 °F:				
Ozone Transport Commis				
V.O.C.(weight-percent): 34.29 % weight				
V.O.C. at 77 °F:	422.66 kg/m ³ (422.66	g/L)		
SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND C	HEMICAL PROPERTIES			
9.1 Information on basic phy	sical and chemical properties:			
For complete information see	e the product datasheet.			
Appearance:				
Physical state at 68 °F:	Liquid			
Appearance:	Not ava	lable		
Color:	Not ava	lable		
Odor:	Not ava	lable		
Odour threshold:	Not app	licable (N/A) *		
Volatility:				
Boiling point at atmospheric	pressure: 230 °F			
Vapour pressure at 77 °F:	5146 Pa			
Vapour pressure at 122 °F:	16031.4	Pa (16.03 kPa)		
Evaporation rate at 77 °F:	Not app	licable (N/A) *		
Product description:				
Density at 77 °F:	1229.9	kg/m³		
Relative density at 77 °F:	1.23			
Dynamic viscosity at 77 °F:	Not app	licable (N/A) *		
Kinematic viscosity at 77 °F:	147 mn	²/s		
*Not relevant due to the nature of	the product, not providing information prop	erty of its hazards.		



	Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F:	
		Not applicable (N/A) *
	Concentration:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	pH:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Vapour density at 77 °F:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 77 °F:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Solubility in water at 77 °F:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Solubility properties:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Decomposition temperature:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Melting point/freezing point:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Flammability:	
	Flash Point:	61 °F
	Flammability (solid, gas):	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Autoignition temperature:	496 °F
	Lower flammability limit:	Not available
	Upper flammability limit:	Not available
	Particle characteristics:	
	Median equivalent diameter:	Non-applicable
9.2	Other information:	
	Information with regard to physical hazard clas	ses:
	Explosive properties:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Oxidising properties:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Corrosive to metals:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Heat of combustion:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Other safety characteristics:	
	Surface tension at 77 °F:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	Refraction index:	Not applicable (N/A) *
	*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing info	rmation property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

	Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity		
	Not applicable Not applicable		Risk of combustion	Risk of combustion Avoid direct impact			
10.5	10.5 Incompatible materials:						
	Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others		
	Avoid strong acids Not applicable Avoid direct impact Not applicable Avoid alkalis or strong be						
	0.6 Hazardous decomposition products:						



SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
 - Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
 - Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.

- Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Exposure to this product can cause cancer. For more specific information on the possible health effects see section 2.

IARC: Ethylbenzene (2B); Xylene (3); (3); Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (3); Toluene (3); 2ethylhexyl acrylate (2B)

- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
 - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
 - Skin: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Not applicable (N/A)

Specific toxicology information on the substances:



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	A	cute toxicity	Genus
Xylene	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (ATEi)	
Ethyl acetate	LD50 oral	4100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 141-78-6	LD50 dermal	20000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 oral	8532 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-65-6	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	30 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: Non-applicable	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (ATEi)	
N-butyl acetate	LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 123-86-4	LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23.4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Ethylbenzene	LD50 oral	3500 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 100-41-4	LD50 dermal	15354 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	17.2 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Triisotridecyl phosphite	LD50 oral	12000 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 77745-66-5	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 85711-46-2	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
maleic anhydride	LD50 oral	1090 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-31-6	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

Acute toxicity:

Identification	Identification Concentr		Species	Genus
N-butyl acetate		Not applicable (N/A)		
CAS: 123-86-4	EC50	Not applicable (N/A)		
	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Ethyl acetate	LC50	230 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 141-78-6	EC50	717 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	3300 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50	161 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 108-65-6	EC50	481 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia sp.	Crustacean
	EC50	Not applicable (N/A)		
Ethylbenzene	LC50	42.3 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 100-41-4	EC50	75 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	63 mg/L (3 h)	Chlorella vulgaris	Algae

Chronic toxicity:

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
N-butyl acetate	NOEC	Not applicable (N/A)		
CAS: 123-86-4	NOEC	23.2 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Ethyl acetate	NOEC	9.65 mg/L	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 141-78-6	NOEC	2.4 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
Xylene	NOEC	1.3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7		1.17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		47.5 mg/L	Oryzias latipes	Fish
CAS: 108-65-6	NOEC	100 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	NOEC	1.3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: Non-applicable	NOEC	1.17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
Ethylbenzene	NOEC	Not applicable (N/A)		
CAS: 100-41-4	NOEC	0.96 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Deg	radability	Biode	gradability
N-butyl acetate	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	Not applicable (N/A)
CAS: 123-86-4	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	5 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	84 %
Ethyl acetate	BOD5	1.36 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 141-78-6	COD	1.69 g O2/g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.8	% Biodegradable	83 %
Xylene	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	Not applicable (N/A)
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	88 %
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	785 mg/L
CAS: 108-65-6	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	8 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	100 %
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	Not applicable (N/A)
CAS: Non-applicable	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	88 %
Ethylbenzene	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 100-41-4	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	90 %
maleic anhydride	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	33.33 mg/L
CAS: 108-31-6	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	29 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	98.19 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

	Identification	Bioaccumulation potential		
N-butyl acetate		BCF	4	
CAS: 123-86-4		Pow Log	1.78	
		Potential	Low	
Ethyl acetate		BCF	30	
CAS: 141-78-6		Pow Log	0.73	
		Potential	Moderate	



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Bic	Bioaccumulation potential		
Xylene	BCF	9		
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77		
	Potential	Low		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BCF	1		
CAS: 108-65-6	Pow Log	0.43		
	Potential	Low		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	BCF	9		
CAS: Non-applicable	Pow Log	2.77		
	Potential	Low		
Ethylbenzene	BCF	1		
CAS: 100-41-4	Pow Log	3.15		
	Potential	Low		
maleic anhydride	BCF			
CAS: 108-31-6	Pow Log	-2.61		
	Potential			

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorpt	ion/desorption	Volatility	
N-butyl acetate	Кос	Not applicable (N/A)	Henry	Not applicable (N/A)
CAS: 123-86-4	Conclusion	Not applicable (N/A)	Dry soil	Not applicable (N/A)
	Surface tension	2.478E-2 N/m (77 ºF)	Moist soil	Not applicable (N/A)
Ethyl acetate	Кос	59	Henry	13.58 Pa·m ³ /mol
CAS: 141-78-6	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.324E-2 N/m (77 ºF)	Moist soil	Yes
Xylene	Кос	202	Henry	524.86 Pa·m ³ /mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Not applicable (N/A)	Moist soil	Yes
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene	Кос	202	Henry	524.86 Pa·m ³ /mol
CAS: Non-applicable	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Not applicable (N/A)	Moist soil	Yes
Ethylbenzene	Кос	520	Henry	798.44 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 100-41-4	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.859E-2 N/m (77 ºF)	Moist soil	Yes
maleic anhydride	Кос	42	Henry	0E+0 Pa·m ³ /mol
CAS: 108-31-6	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Not applicable (N/A)
	Surface tension	1.673E-2 N/m (482.38 °F)	Moist soil	Not applicable (N/A)

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Disposal methods:

The characteristic of Ignitability per RCRA could apply to the unused product if it becomes a waste material. The EPA hazardous waste number D001 could apply.

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Follow RCRA framework and EPA regulation for to ensure that hazardous waste is managed safely and properly. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. Remind, It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristics or listing. See section 6 for further information about Accidental release measures.

Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:



SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (continued)

40 CFR Solid Wastes - Part 239 through 282. State regulatory requirements for generators may be more stringent than those in the federal program. Be sure to check the state's policies.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:

- 14.1 UN number: UN1263
- **14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
- Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group, if applicable: III
- 14.5 Marine pollutant: No
- 14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9 Limited quantities: 5 L

14.7 Transport in hulk (according Not applicable (N/A)

Trans

3

	14.7	to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):	Not applicable (N/A)
Transport of da	ingero	us goods by sea:	
With regard to IN	1DG 40	-20:	
	14.1	UN number:	UN1263
	14.2	UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
	14.3	Transport hazard class(es):	3
		Labels:	3
	14.4	Packing group, if applicable:	III
3		Marine pollutant:	No
×	14.6	connection with transport or	user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in conveyance either within or outside their premises
		Special regulations:	223, 955, 163, 367
		EmS Codes:	F-E, S-E
		Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
		Limited quantities:	5 L
		Segregation group:	Not applicable (N/A)
	14.7	Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):	Not applicable (N/A)
Transport of da	ngero	us goods by air:	
With regard to IA	TA/ICA	NO 2023:	
	14.1	UN number:	UN1263
	14.2	UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
	14.3	Transport hazard class(es):	3
		Labels:	3
3	14.4	Packing group, if applicable:	III
•		Marine pollutant:	No
	14.6		user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in conveyance either within or outside their premises
		Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
	14.7	Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):	Not applicable (N/A)



SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

- CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE - The Hazardous Substances List: *N-butyl acetate (123-86-4)*; *Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)*; *Xylene (1330-20-7)*; *Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (Non-applicable)*; *Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)*; *maleic anhydride (108-31-6)*

- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) - Birth defects or other reproductive harm: Not applicable (N/A)

- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) - Cancer: Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

- CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): *N-butyl acetate (123-86-4)*; *Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)*; *Xylene (1330-20-7)*; *2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (108-65-6)*; *Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (Non-applicable)*; Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); maleic anhydride (108-31-6)

- CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated (85711-46-2)

- Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act): Xylene (1330-20-7); Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (Non-applicable); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); maleic anhydride (108-31-6)

Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); Ethyl acetate (141-78-6); Xylene (1330-20-7); Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (Non-applicable); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); maleic anhydride (108-31-6)
Minnesota - Hazardous substances ERTK: N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); Ethyl acetate (141-78-6); Xylene (1330-20-7); Reaction

mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (Non-applicable); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); maleic anhydride (108-31-6) - New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); Ethyl acetate (141-78-6); Xylene (1330-20-7); Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (Non-applicable); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); maleic anhydride (108-31-6)

- New York RTK - Substance list: *N-butyl acetate (123-86-4)*; *Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)*; *Xylene (1330-20-7)*; *Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (Non-applicable)*; *Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)*; *maleic anhydride (108-31-6)*

- NTP (National Toxicology Program): Not applicable (N/A)

- OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Not applicable (N/A)

- Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: *N-butyl acetate (123-86-4)*; *Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)*; *Xylene (1330-20-7)*; *Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (Non-applicable)*; *Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)*; *maleic anhydride (108-31-6)*

- Rhode Island - Hazardous substances RTK: *N-butyl acetate (123-86-4)*; *Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)*; *Xylene (1330-20-7)*; *Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (Non-applicable)*; *Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)*; *maleic anhydride (108-31-6)*

- The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) : *N*-butyl acetate (123-86-4); Ethyl acetate (141-78-6); Xylene (1330-20-7); 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (108-65-6); Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (Non-applicable); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); Triisotridecyl phosphite (77745-66-5); Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated (85711-46-2); maleic anhydride (108-31-6)

- Toxic chemical release reporting under EPCRA section 313 (40 CFR Part 372): *Xylene (1330-20-7)*; *Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (Non-applicable)*; *Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)*; *maleic anhydride (108-31-6)* Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantities: N-butyl acetate (5000 pounds); Ethyl acetate (5000 pounds); Xylene (100 pounds); Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (100 pounds); Ethylbenzene (1000 pounds); maleic anhydride (5000 pounds);

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets **Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:**

- H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).
- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:



SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)	
Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).	
Abbreviations and acronyms:	
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code	
IATA: International Air Transport Association	
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation	
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand	
BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand	
BCF: Bioconcentration factor	
LD50: Lethal Dose 50	
CL50: Lethal Concentration 50	
EC50: Effective concentration 50	
Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient	
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon	
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer	
Date of compilation: 7/31/2017	
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