




## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

- 1.1 GHS Product identifier:** 142002 - PU White Sealer 002
- Other means of identification:**  
Non-applicable
- 1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:**  
Relevant uses: Coatings for wood. For industrial user only.  
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:**  
Valresa Coatings, S.A.  
Pol. Ind. Reva S-13 Avda. dels Gremis s/n  
46190 Riba-roja de Turia - Valencia - Spain  
Phone: +34 961669560 - Fax: +34 961668665  
safety@valresa.com  
www.valresa.com
- 1.4 Emergency phone number:**

## SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**  
**29 CFR 1910.1200:**  
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.  
Eye Irrit. 2A: Eye irritation, Category 2A, H319  
Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225  
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315  
STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, Category 2, H373  
STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2 (Oral), H373
- 2.2 Label elements:**  
**29 CFR 1910.1200:**  
**Danger**
- 


- Hazard statements:**  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
Causes skin irritation.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).
- Precautionary statements:**  
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing/respiratory protection/protective footwear.  
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to put it out.  
Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.
- Substances that contribute to the classification**  
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene
- 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):**  
Non-applicable

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

- 3.1 Substances:**  
Non-applicable

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**SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (continued)**

**3.2 Mixtures:**

**Chemical description:** Mixture composed of additives, aggregates and resins in solvents

**Components:**

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: Non-applicable	<b>Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene</b> Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	<b>10 - &lt;25 %</b>
CAS: 141-78-6	<b>Ethyl acetate</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	<b>2,5 - &lt;5 %</b>
CAS: 78-93-3	<b>Butanone</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	<b>2,5 - &lt;5 %</b>
CAS: Non-applicable	<b>Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene</b> Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	<b>2,5 - &lt;5 %</b>
CAS: 78-83-1	<b>2-methylpropan-1-ol</b> Eye Dam. 1: H318; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	<b>1 - &lt;2,5 %</b>
CAS: 108-65-6	<b>2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate</b> Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	<b>1 - &lt;2,5 %</b>

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

**SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

**4.1 Description of necessary measures:**

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

**By inhalation:**

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

**By skin contact:**

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

**By eye contact:**

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

**By ingestion/aspiration:**

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

**4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:**

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

**4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:**

Non-applicable

**SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

**5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:**

**Suitable extinguishing media:**

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO<sub>2</sub>).

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**SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES (continued)**

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:**

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

**5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:**

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

**5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:**

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

**Additional provisions:**

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

**SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**

**For non-emergency personnel:**

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

**For emergency responders:**

See section 8.

**6.2 Environmental precautions:**

The characteristic of Ignitability per RCRA could apply to the unused product if it becomes a waste material. The EPA hazardous waste number D001 could apply. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristics or listing.

**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:**

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

**6.4 Reference to other sections:**

See sections 8 and 13.

**SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling:**

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Because the product is a flammable liquid, storage should meet the requirement of 29 CFR 1910.106, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

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**SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)**

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:**

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 41 °F

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

**7.3 Specific end use(s):**

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**8.1 Control parameters:**

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	8-hour TWA PEL	1000 ppm	1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethanol CAS: 64-17-5	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	8-hour TWA PEL	400 ppm	1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	8-hour TWA PEL	200 ppm	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene CAS: Non-applicable	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	8-hour TWA PEL	200 ppm	590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
phthalic anhydride CAS: 85-44-9	8-hour TWA PEL	2 ppm	12 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene CAS: Non-applicable	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Non-applicable	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Phosphoric acid CAS: 7664-38-2	8-hour TWA PEL		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≥ 10 µm) CAS: 13463-67-7	8-hour TWA PEL		15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Zirconium dioxide CAS: 1314-23-4	8-hour TWA PEL		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Stoddard solvent, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 8052-41-3	8-hour TWA PEL	500 ppm	2900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2022):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	TLV-TWA	TLV-STEL	
ethanol CAS: 64-17-5	TLV-TWA		
	TLV-STEL	1000 ppm	
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	TLV-TWA	150 ppm	
	TLV-STEL		
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	TLV-TWA	20 ppm	
	TLV-STEL		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene CAS: Non-applicable	TLV-TWA	100 ppm	
	TLV-STEL	150 ppm	
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	TLV-TWA	50 ppm	
	TLV-STEL	100 ppm	
phthalic anhydride CAS: 85-44-9	TLV-TWA	1 ppm	
	TLV-STEL		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene CAS: Non-applicable	TLV-TWA	100 ppm	
	TLV-STEL	150 ppm	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Non-applicable	TLV-TWA	100 ppm	
	TLV-STEL	150 ppm	
Phosphoric acid CAS: 7664-38-2	TLV-TWA		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TLV-STEL		3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6	TLV-TWA	50 ppm	
	TLV-STEL	75 ppm	
Zinc distearate CAS: 557-05-1	TLV-TWA		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TLV-STEL		20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Talc CAS: 14807-96-6	TLV-TWA		2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TLV-STEL		
Limestone CAS: 1317-65-3	TLV-TWA		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TLV-STEL		20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≥ 10 µm) CAS: 13463-67-7	TLV-TWA		2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TLV-STEL		
Aluminum Oxide CAS: 1344-28-1	TLV-TWA		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TLV-STEL		
Zirconium dioxide CAS: 1314-23-4	TLV-TWA		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TLV-STEL		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-methoxypropyl acetate CAS: 70657-70-4	TLV-TWA	20 ppm	
	TLV-STEL	40 ppm	
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1	TLV-TWA	50 ppm	
	TLV-STEL		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene CAS: 95-63-6	TLV-TWA	10 ppm	
	TLV-STEL		
Stoddard solvent, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 8052-41-3	TLV-TWA		290 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TLV-STEL		580 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Mesitylene CAS: 108-67-8	TLV-TWA	10 ppm	
	TLV-STEL		
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	TLV-TWA	100 ppm	
	TLV-STEL	150 ppm	
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	TLV-TWA	20 ppm	
	TLV-STEL		
C.I.Pigment Violet 15 CAS: 12769-96-9	TLV-TWA		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TLV-STEL		
Fatty acids, C16-18, zinc salts CAS: 91051-01-3	TLV-TWA		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TLV-STEL		

CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	PEL	STEL	
ethanol CAS: 64-17-5	PEL	1000 ppm	1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL		
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	PEL	400 ppm	1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL		
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	PEL	10 ppm	37 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL	150 ppm	560 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene CAS: Non-applicable	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**

**CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:**

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	PEL	STEL	Other
phthalic anhydride CAS: 85-44-9	1 ppm		6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene CAS: Non-applicable	100 ppm		435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		150 ppm	655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Non-applicable	100 ppm		435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		150 ppm	655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Phosphoric acid CAS: 7664-38-2			1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
			3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6	100 ppm		541 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		811 ppm	
Zinc distearate CAS: 557-05-1			10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Talc CAS: 14807-96-6			2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Aluminum Oxide CAS: 1344-28-1			2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Zirconium dioxide CAS: 1314-23-4			5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
			10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1	50 ppm		150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene CAS: 95-63-6	25 ppm		125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Stoddard solvent, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 8052-41-3	100 ppm		525 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Mesitylene CAS: 108-67-8	25 ppm		125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	100 ppm		435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		150 ppm	655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	5 ppm		22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		30 ppm	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Biological limit values:**

**Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) - ACGIH**

Identification	BEIs®	Determinant	Sampling Time
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	0.02 mg/L	Toluene in blood	Prior to last shift of workweek
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene CAS: Non-applicable	1500 mg/g (NULL)	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	2 mg/L	Methyl ethyl ketone in urine	End of shift
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene CAS: Non-applicable	1500 mg/g (NULL)	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Non-applicable	1500 mg/g (NULL)	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	1500 mg/g (NULL)	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	150 mg/g (NULL)	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid in urine	End of shift

**8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:**

**A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**


Always provide effective general and, when necessary, local exhaust ventilation to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the exposure limits.. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

**B.- Respiratory protection**


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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**


Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles	Replace when an increase in resistance to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected. Use respirator in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.134 (29CFR).

C.- Specific protection for the hands



Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.138 (29CFR)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.



D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)

E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

**Environmental exposure controls:**

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

**40 CFR Part 59 (VOC):**

V.O.C.(weight-percent):	26.74 % weight
V.O.C. at 77 °F:	388 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (388 g/L)

**SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:**

For complete information see the product datasheet.

**Appearance:**

Physical state at 68 °F: Liquid

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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**SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)**

Appearance:	Viscous
Color:	White
Odor:	Solvent
Odour threshold:	Non-applicable *
<b>Volatility:</b>	
Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	239 °F
Vapour pressure at 77 °F:	4350 Pa
Vapour pressure at 122 °F:	13748.08 Pa (13.75 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 77 °F:	Non-applicable *
<b>Product description:</b>	
Density at 77 °F:	1451.2 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Relative density at 77 °F:	1.451
Dynamic viscosity at 77 °F:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 77 °F:	≥5405 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F:	>20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
Concentration:	Non-applicable *
pH:	Non-applicable *
Vapour density at 77 °F:	Non-applicable *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 77 °F:	Non-applicable *
Solubility in water at 77 °F:	Non-applicable *
Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
Melting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *
<b>Flammability:</b>	
Flash Point:	65 °F
Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
Autoignition temperature:	392 °F
Lower flammability limit:	Not available
Upper flammability limit:	Not available
<b>Particle characteristics:</b>	
Median equivalent diameter:	Non-applicable

**9.2 Other information:**

**Information with regard to physical hazard classes:**

Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *
Corrosive to metals:	Non-applicable *
Heat of combustion:	Non-applicable *
Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Non-applicable *

**Other safety characteristics:**

Surface tension at 77 °F:	Non-applicable *
Refraction index:	Non-applicable *

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

**SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**10.1 Reactivity:**

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**SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)**

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

**10.2 Chemical stability:**

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:**

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid:**

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

**10.5 Incompatible materials:**

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:**

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**11.1 Information on toxicological effects:**

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

**Dangerous health implications:**

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for consumption. For more information see section 3
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.  
IARC: ethanol (1); Toluene (3); Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene (3); Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene (3); Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (3); Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (3); (3); Talc (3); Hydrocarbons, C9-C11,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics (3); Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane (3); Stoddard solvent, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (3); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (3); Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (3); Xylene (3); Ethylbenzene (2B)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

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**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)**

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

**Other information:**

Non-applicable

**Specific toxicology information on the substances:**

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	LD50 oral	4100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	20000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	LD50 oral	4000 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	6400 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23.5 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene CAS: Non-applicable	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Non-applicable	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (ATEI)	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6	LD50 oral	8532 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	30 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1	LD50 oral	3350 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	2460 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	24.6 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

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**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

**12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):**

**Acute toxicity:**

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	LC50			
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	LC50	230 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	717 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	3300 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	LC50	3220 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	5091 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	4300 mg/L (168 h)	Scenedesmus quadricauda	Algae
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1	LC50	2030 mg/L (96 h)	Carassius auratus	Fish
	EC50	1439 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	1250 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6	LC50	161 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	481 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia sp.	Crustacean
	EC50	Non-applicable		

**Chronic toxicity:**

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	NOEC			
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene CAS: Non-applicable	NOEC	1.3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	NOEC	1.17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	NOEC	9.65 mg/L	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	NOEC	2.4 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Non-applicable	NOEC	1.3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	NOEC	1.17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1	NOEC	Non-applicable		
	NOEC	20 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6	NOEC	47.5 mg/L	Oryzias latipes	Fish
	NOEC	100 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

**12.2 Persistence and degradability:**

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	BOD5	1.36 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	1.69 g O2/g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.8	% Biodegradable	83 %
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	BOD5	2.03 g O2/g	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	2.31 g O2/g	Period	20 days
	BOD5/COD	0.88	% Biodegradable	89 %

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Non-applicable	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1	BOD5	0.4 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	2.41 g O2/g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.17	% Biodegradable	90 %
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	785 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	8 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	100 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene CAS: Non-applicable	BCF	9
	Pow Log	2.77
	Potential	Low
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	BCF	30
	Pow Log	0.73
	Potential	Moderate
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	BCF	3
	Pow Log	0.29
	Potential	Low
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Non-applicable	BCF	9
	Pow Log	2.77
	Potential	Low
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1	BCF	3
	Pow Log	0.76
	Potential	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6	BCF	1
	Pow Log	0.43
	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	Koc	59	Henry	13.58 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.324E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes

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**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)**

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	Koc	30	Henry	5.77 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.396E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene CAS: Non-applicable	Koc	202	Henry	524.86 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
2-methylpropan-1-ol CAS: 78-83-1	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2.378E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:**

Non-applicable

**12.6 Other adverse effects:**

Not described

**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**13.1 Disposal methods:**

**Waste management (disposal and evaluation):**

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See epigraph 6.2.

**Regulations related to waste management:**

Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Part 261- IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**Transport of dangerous goods by land:**

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:



**14.1 UN number:** UN1263

**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT

**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3

Labels: 3

**14.4 Packing group, if applicable:** III

**14.5 Marine pollutant:** No

**14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises**

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

**14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Non-applicable

**Transport of dangerous goods by sea:**

With regard to IMDG 40-20:

142002 - PU White Sealer 002

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



- 14.1 UN number: UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3  
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group, if applicable: III
- 14.5 Marine pollutant: No
- 14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises  
Special regulations: 223, 955, 163, 367  
EmS Codes: F-E, S-E  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 5 L  
Segregation group: Non-applicable
- 14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code): Non-applicable

**Transport of dangerous goods by air:**

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2022:



- 14.1 UN number: UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3  
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group, if applicable: III
- 14.5 Marine pollutant: No
- 14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
- 14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code): Non-applicable

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

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**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)**

Toxic chemical release reporting under EPCRA section 313 (40 CFR Part 372): Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene  
 California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) - Cancer: Non-applicable  
 The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) : Ethyl acetate ; Butanone ; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene ; 2-methylpropan-1-ol ; 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate  
 Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene ; Ethyl acetate ; Butanone ; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene ; 2-methylpropan-1-ol  
 New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene ; Ethyl acetate ; Butanone ; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene ; 2-methylpropan-1-ol  
 New York RTK - Substance list: Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene ; Ethyl acetate ; Butanone ; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene ; 2-methylpropan-1-ol  
 Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: Ethyl acetate ; Butanone ; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene ; 2-methylpropan-1-ol  
 CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): Ethyl acetate ; Butanone ; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene ; 2-methylpropan-1-ol ; 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate  
 CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): Non-applicable  
 NTP (National Toxicology Program): Non-applicable  
 Minnesota - Hazardous substances ERTK: Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene ; Ethyl acetate ; Butanone ; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene ; 2-methylpropan-1-ol  
 Rhode Island - Hazardous substances RTK: Ethyl acetate ; Butanone ; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene ; 2-methylpropan-1-ol  
 OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Non-applicable  
 Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act): Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene  
 CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE - The Hazardous Substances List: Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene ; Ethyl acetate ; Butanone ; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene ; 2-methylpropan-1-ol  
 California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) - Birth defects or other reproductive harm: Non-applicable  
 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantities: Ethyl acetate (5000 pounds) ; Butanone (5000 pounds) ; Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene (100 pounds) ; 2-methylpropan-1-ol (5000 pounds)

**Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:**

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

**Other legislation:**

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

**Legislation related to safety data sheets:**

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets

**Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:**

- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).
- H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

**Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:**

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

**29 CFR 1910.1200:**

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.  
Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.  
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).  
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.  
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Advice related to training:**

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

**Principal bibliographical sources:**

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).

**Abbreviations and acronyms:**

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code  
IATA: International Air Transport Association  
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation  
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand  
BCF: Bioconcentration factor  
LD50: Lethal Dose 50  
CL50: Lethal Concentration 50  
EC50: Effective concentration 50  
Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient  
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon  
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

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END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET